Follow these nine principles to make your yard a Florida-Friendly™ Yard!

**Right Plant, Right Place**
Plants selected to suit a specific site will require minimal amounts of water, fertilizer, and pesticides.

**Water Efficiently**
Irrigate only when your lawn and landscape need water. Efficient water is the key to a healthy yard and conservation of limited resources.

**Fertilize Appropriately**
Less is often best. Over-utilization of fertilizer can be hazardous to your plants and the environment.

**Mulch**
Maintaining a 3” layer of mulch will help retain soil moisture, prevent erosion, and suppress weeds.

**Attract Wildlife**
Plants in your yard that provide food, water, and shelter can conserve Florida’s diverse wildlife.

**Manage Yard Pests Responsibly**
Unwise use of pesticides can harm people, pets, beneficial insects, wildlife, and the environment.

**Recycle**
Grass clippings, leaves, and yard trimmings recycled on site provide nutrients to the soil and reduce waste disposal.

**Reduce Stormwater Runoff**
Water running off your yard can carry pollutants such as soil, debris, fertilizer, and pesticides, all of which can adversely impact water quality. Reduction of this runoff will help prevent nonpoint source pollution.

**Protect the Waterfront**
Waterfront property, whether on a river, stream, lake, or pond is very fragile and should be carefully protected to maintain water quality for both humans and wildlife.

UF/IFAS Extension Baker County
1025 W. Macclenny Avenue, Macclenny
(904) 259-3520
http://baker.ifas.ufl.edu
List of Plants for Baker County Landscapes

Trees:
- American Elm
- American Hornbeam
- Bald Cypress
- Black Gum
- Bottlebrush
- Buttonbush
- Carolina Ash
- Chickasaw Plum
- Chinese Elm
- Crape Myrtle
- Dahoon Holly
- East Palatka Holly
- Eastern Redbud
- Elderberry
- Flatwoods Plum
- Florida Maple
- Florida Privet
- Flowering Dogwood
- Fringetree
- Green Ash
- Halesia
- Hawthorn
- Indian Hawthorn
  ‘Majestic Beauty’
- Live Oak
- Ligustrum
- Lobolly Bay
- Longleaf Pine
- Loquat
- Pond Cypress
- Red Buckeye
- Red Maple
- River Birch
- Roundleaf Holly
- Saucer Magnolia
- Sawtooth Oak
- Shumard Oak
- Southern Blackhaw
- Southern Magnolia
- Southern Red Cedar
- Southern Red Oak
- Spruce Pine
- Swamp Chestnut Oak
- Sweet Bay Magnolia
- Sweetgum
- Sycamore
- Tulip Poplar
- White Ash
- White Oak
- Winged Elm
- Yaupon Holly

Shrubs:
- Azaleas
- Beautyberry
- Bottlebrush
- Butterfly Bush
- Buttonbush
- Camellia
- Carolina Allspice
- Carolina Aster
- Century Plant
- Chaste Tree
- Chinese Juniper
- Cleyera
- Coontie
- Dioon
- Dwarf Palmetto
- Firebush
- Florida Flame Azalea
- Florida Privet
- Fortune’s Mahonia
- Gardenia
- Glossy Abelia
- Hawthorn
- Hollies
  (Many Species)
- Hydrangea
- Indian Hawthorn

Japanese Barberry
- Japanese Privet
- Mahonia
- Mockorange
- Oakleaf Hydrangea
- Pineapple Guava
- Pinxter Azalea
- Pittosporum
- Podocarpus
- Rusty Lyonia
- Sandankwa
- Viburnum
- Saw Palmetto
- Selloum
- Shrub Althea
- Sparkleberry
- Spiraea
- Sweet Pepperbrush
- Sweet Viburnum
- Texas Sage
- Titi
- Virginia Willow
- Walter’s Viburnum
- Wild Olive
- Yucca

Groundcovers:
- Algerian Ivy
- Asiatic Jasmine
- Autumn Fern
- Bugleweed
- Caladium
- Cast Iron Plant
- Confederate Jasmine
- Creeping Juniper
- Elliot’s Lovegrass
- English Ivy
- Fakahatchee Grass
- Florida Gama Grass
- Holly Fern
- Lilly Turf,
  ‘Monkey Grass
- Mondo Grass
- Muhly Grass
- Perennial Peanut
- Periwinkle
- Purple Lovegrass
- Shore Juniper
- Twin Flower
- Wiregrass

Vines:
- Algerian Ivy
- American Wisteria
- Carolina Jessamine
- Clematis
- Climbing Hydrangea
- Confederate Jasmine
- Coral Honeysuckle
- Corky-stemmed
  Passionflower
- Cross Vine
- English Ivy
- Morning Glory,
  Natives Only
- Purple Passion Vine
- Trumpet Creeper

For more information about the plants listed, please visit [http://baker.ifas.ufl.edu/Horticulture/fact%20sheets.html](http://baker.ifas.ufl.edu/Horticulture/fact%20sheets.html) or contact the Baker County Extension Office.